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MS. FAWCETT: Your Honor, this is No. 1:CR-01-296, the United States of America v. Fred Jackson. The defendant entered a plea of guilty before Your Honor on December 19, 2001. He's here with his attorney Mr. Tarman to be sentenced.

THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Tarman.

MR. TARMAN: If it please the Court, I have reviewed the presentence and did not object. I would ask you to give consideration to running this sentence partially concurrent to his prior sentence. The argument would be that they are both related to Rodney Mosley, helping him out, and I believe it would be appropriate in this matter.

THE COURT: Mr. Jackson, do you wish to speak?

THE DEFENDANT: I'd just like to thank God for waking me up this morning and giving him praise and the glory and honor because he's the king of kings and lord of lords and mighty of almighty, and he's the alpha and omega, the beginning and the end. Without him I can do nothing, but I can do all things through Jesus Christ who strengthens us. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Miss Fawcett.

MS. FAWCETT: Your Honor, the government is requesting that the sentence in this case be imposed consecutively to the sentence that Your Honor previously

imposed, and the reason for that position on the part of the government is that the two offenses involved two criminal episodes, they are two entirely different matters, and we believe for that reason the sentence should be run consecutively to the previous sentence.

MR. TARMAN: They are different matters, Your Honor, but again related to the same individual, and it was the drug charges against him that really drove Fred up to the statutory maximum in this case, in fact in both cases.

THE COURT: Right.

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MR. TARMAN: And I would also point out that, as the presentence indicates, that Fred has been a model inmate, and he's doing well up there and has conducted himself as a man it seems to me.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Jackson, I'm glad you returned to the Lord. I think you know where your place is, your family needs you. You're doing a good job where you are, you're going to do your time and you're going to be back being a good father and I hope a good citizen and disassociate yourself with some of the people who dragged you down. Are you getting any drug treatment in the prison?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, I have went through a program six months, it's on the record.

THE COURT: All right. I think all of the circumstances surrounding Mr. Jackson's offenses and his

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efforts at rehabilitation have been taken into consideration by the government. It's a pretty remarkable plea bargain that they made in this case with a statutory maximum of 4 years, and considering that I'm going to run the sentence consecutive.

Pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 it's the judgment of the Court that the defendant Frederick Jackson is hereby committed to the custody of the Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a term of 48 months. Said term is to be served consecutively to the sentence the defendant is serving under Middle District Criminal Docket No. 1:CR-00-234-01.

The Court finds that the defendant has the ability to pay a fine below the guideline range. Accordingly it is further ordered that the defendant pay to the United States the sum of \$1,100, consisting of a \$1,000 fine and a special assessment of \$100. The fine and assessment are due immediately, shall be paid through the Clerk of Court and are payable during the period of incarceration with any balance to be paid within 1 year of Mr. Jackson's release from custody.

On release from imprisonment the defendant shall be placed on supervised release for a term of 1 year.

Within 72 hours of release from custody the defendant shall report in person to the probation office in

the district to which he's released.

While on supervised release the defendant shall comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by the Court and with the following special conditions: The defendant shall pay any balance of the fine imposed by this judgment that remains unpaid at the commencement of the term of supervised release in minimum monthly installments of no less than \$100. The defendant shall not be self-employed without the approval of the probation officer and shall obtain approval of the probation officer prior to beginning any employment. As a condition of supervision the defendant shall submit to one drug test within 15 days of his release from custody and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter.

Mr. Jackson, you do have a right to appeal your conviction if you believe that your conviction was somehow unlawful or involuntary or if you think there was some other fundamental defect in these proceedings that you did not waive by entering a guilty plea.

You also have a statutory right to appeal your conviction under certain circumstances, particularly if you think that the sentence I now imposed is contrary to law.

If you are not able to afford the cost of an appeal, you do have a right to apply for leave to appeal in forma pauperis. In that case you could ask that the Clerk of Court prepare and file a notice of appeal on your behalf.